

# PITCHFORK AND THE BIG STICK

Tillman Spouts Five Thousand Words Favoring Roosevelt's Rate Bill in Senate.

## WONDERFUL ORATORY DISPLAYED

Gifted Carolinian Flays The Opponents Of The Measure In The Choicest Of Language--A Brief Synopsis.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Washington, D. C., March 15.—Senator Tillman today presented to the senate his report from the committee on interstate commerce on the house railroad rate bill, which, expressed his views but did not pretend to speak for any other member of the committee.

It embodied the first clear and concise statement of the differences concerning court review features and other proposed amendments that had made a unanimous report from the committee impossible.

Without hesitancy the senator declared it to be his belief that the bill should be amended, but that amendments should not be of a character to impair or pervert the accomplishments of the objects of the legislation, which are set forth best, he says, in the president's message to congress.

He emphasized the need of regarding the measure as nonpartisan, but predicted that the issue created will be paramount in the next presidential election. As to the effect, he said:

"Those who are responsible for delay or inadequate legislation will find that when at last the flood gates of popular wrath and indignation are hoisted there will have been some fine grinding done."

Mr. Tillman prefaced his report by speaking of the peculiar circumstances ruling the committee's action on the house bill, which made it an embarrassing task to submit views that would be concurred in by the committee as a whole. Commenting upon the absence of harmony in the committee's deliberations, the report says:

"Instead of being amended in committee, as is usual, so as to command as a whole the endorsement and support of a majority of its members, the bill was brought into the senate in a form not entirely satisfactory to more than two members. Party lines in the committee were broken down and the bill is in the senate by reason of the union of five members of the minority party and three members of the majority party in congress who concurred in reporting it favorably, and while these eight senators are agreed as to the general purpose and scope of the bill, there are radical differences among them as to the amendments that ought to be incorporated in it to make it fully adequate to meet the demands of the business interests of the country at this time."

"This lack of harmony among the supporters of the bill—it would be speaking with more accuracy to say the supporters of the policy involved in the bill—brings about the anomalous situation in which a member of the minority party in congress is put in charge in the senate of proposed legislation which is generally regarded throughout the country as the cherished scheme of the president, with whose general policy and principles that member is not in accord. At the same time the bill is designed to carry into effect his own long-cherished convictions and the thrice-reiterated demands of the party to which he belongs."

Emphasizing the claim that this congress is without precedent in legislative history, Mr. Tillman says it brings into prominence the fact that the proposed legislation is nonpartisan and is so recognized as a result of the unanimous support given it by the minority in the house and the few opposing votes—only seven—in that entire body. "It therefore follows," says Mr. Tillman, "if events shall prove that this measure has broken down party lines in both branches of congress, that the conclusion will be almost inevitable that it will be framed so as to accomplish the results intended or claimed to be intended by both parties, and to this end democrats and republicans alike should bend all their energies and lend all that is best in them to perfecting and passing so important a piece of legislation."

There would follow "a cyclone of passionate resentment," said Mr. Tillman in predicting what would be the result of failure on the part of congress to meet the widespread demand for railroad rate legislation. He declared that "we will be the harvest" of any member of the senate or house whose work in formulating a bill to regulate railroads lacks earnestness or honesty of purpose and who shall seek to belittle the question or kill the bill by subterfuge and deception. The constitution gives to congress the power to regulate the railroads, he contended, and there are many wrongs to right.

The bill as it came from the house Mr. Tillman characterized as loosely worded and capable of different interpretations. Discussing the alleged inadequacy of the measure he said it is "the duty of the senate to make such amendments as shall produce the best possible law and relieve the distress and wrong, the existence of which no one will deny." In thus commenting upon the bill, Mr. Tillman said he can claim to give expression to no opinion except his own.

The object sought, he added, best can be outlined in the language of the President in his last annual message to congress, and from this the senator quoted extensively.

Mr. Tillman pointed out that it is generally supposed that the pending measure embodies the "well digested views of the executive and those of his party whose advice he consents to take."

The friends of the proposed legislation are equally earnest with its opponents in desiring to throw every protection around the billions of capital invested in railways of the United States. Tillman's speech in part further follows:

The senate must determine by its votes what shall be its attitude upon the questions of court review and interlocutory suspensions. The whole question at issue as to giving relief to the producing interests of the country revolves around this feature of the bill. If any decision of the supreme court shall declare that congress is powerless to grant speedy relief through a commission, it needs no prophet to tell that an outburst of surprise and indignation will sweep over the country.

It is impossible to deny that this great accumulation of wealth in the hands of the few is such a menace to liberty that the honest patriot stands appalled by the outlook.

There is a dangerous provision in this bill which, in my judgment ought to be stricken out, and that is in section 15, where the interstate commerce commission is told "to determine and prescribe what will, in its judgment, be the just and reasonable and fairly remunerative rate," etc. The last words are too elastic and ambiguous and can be construed to mean too much that it would be harmful and dangerous for congress to enact into a law. "Fairly remunerative rate" on what? The actual value or the fictitious value of the properties? Are railroads which now pay no dividends because of the immense amounts of watered stock to be allowed to compel the producers who use their lines to pay a dividend on the excessive capitalization? Is congress willing to lend itself to the schemes of the railroad magnates who have brought about this condition wherein they levy tribute on the business industries of the country and compel the payment of the pound of flesh?

Whatever else congress does or fails to do the producers of the country should be relieved from such danger of being compelled to make good the values of overcapitalized railroads as lurks in this innocent looking and plausible provision about "fairly remunerative rates." Vested with the rights of eminent domain to construct their lines and granted liberal franchises and charters as public carriers for the benefit of the whole people, in the last few years have become rapidly transformed into the veriest band of robbers—highwaymen who do not trust their pistols in the faces of their victims and demand money or their lives, but who levy tribute in freight rates which are as high as the traffic will bear, deny access to market, monopolize with brazen effrontery one of the prime necessities of life—coal—and in every way show their absolute contempt for the people and the people's rights.

We should incorporate in the bill an amendment which will compel all railroads to make connections with any and every other railroad, public or private, and grant just and fair traffic arrangements; also provide for the benefit of the business of transporting freight as a public carrier to be transported. Our full expectations may not be realized at the present session of congress. The opponents of effective legislation are alert, have had large experience and are thoroughly organized.

The demand of the people for relief from the oppressions and wrongs they now endure may be thwarted by the great influence of the railroad corporations. This influence has hitherto been paramount, and its representatives in the two houses may feel that it is safe to refuse to redress the grievances and to continue the policy of non-interference. They may ignore popular clamor and either pass no bill at all or enact one that will prove wholly inadequate. They may palter with us in a double sense:

"Keep the word of promise to the ear."

"And break it to the hope."

Such action on their part, will, in my judgment, be very unwise, and will only dam up the water. The issue will be made the paramount one in the next election, and those who are responsible for delay or inadequate legislation will find that when the floodgates of popular wrath and indignation are hoisted there will be some fine grinding done. If those most interested in these great properties will not consent to wise legislation to relieve the distress of the people there is danger of more rail-



THE AFTERMATH.

## JOHN BURNS, LABOR LEADER, SAYS: "WED"

Member of English Cabinet Advises Young Man with Sufficient Salary, to Find Wife.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]  
London, March 15.—John Burns, the labor representative in the cabinet, holds that bachelorhood should not be encouraged. The other day he asked one of his staff at the local government board offices, "What is your salary?"

On being told, and seeing that it was large enough to maintain a wife and family, he asked: "Are you married?"

"A great mistake," said the minister emphatically. "I strongly advise you to get married, and that quickly."

## SHERRICK IS FOUND GUILTY OF THE CRIME

Former State Auditor of Indiana Is Guilty of Misuse of State Funds.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Indianapolis, Ind., March 15.—David B. Sherrick, former auditor of the state, was today found guilty of embezzlement. Sherrick was tried on an indictment charging him with the misuse of \$127,000 belonging to the state.

## SUSAN B. ANTHONY BURIED WITH HONOR

Noted Woman Suffragist Is Laid to Rest in Rochester This Afternoon.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Rochester, N. Y., March 15.—The funeral service over the body of Susan B. Anthony was held in the Central Presbyterian church this afternoon. Hundreds of men and women were unable to gain admittance to the church and stood outside the edifice during the services.

## FOREIGN POWERS IN RUSSIAN'S SECRETS

Agents Have Purchased Plans for the New Russian Sub Marine Vessels.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
St. Petersburg, March 15.—A big scandal has developed in the ministry of marine owing to the discovery that the plans for the construction of the Russian submarine boats have been sold to agents of foreign powers.

## INDEPENDENTS FORM A STATE COMPACT

Iowa Phone Men Will Fight the Bell Telephone Company to a Finish.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Des Moines, March 15.—At a meeting of representatives of three hundred independent telephone companies of Iowa today an organization of a quarter of a million dollars capital to fight the Bell Telephone company in the state was started.

## STRANGE CONDITION GIVEN BY BONAPARTE

Secretary of the Navy Says That the Annapolis Students Are Formed Into a Trade Union.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Washington, March 15.—The midshipmen at Annapolis have been conspiring to prevent the high standards of scholarship according to a statement of Secretary Bonaparte before the house committee on naval affairs today, and brilliancy has been discouraged as a sort of a trade union agreement to hold them on a dead level so far as class records are concerned.

The Rev. F. Vollebreght of Duck Creek has been appointed pastor of St. Francis's church at Holland, to succeed the Rev. Van Hootegom, deceased.

# HEROES BRAVE DEATH IN SEA

Crews Of Two Ships Go To Aid Of Men On Sinking Steamer, British King.

## LIFE BOATS ARE CRUSHED TO BITS

Volunteers Thrown Into The Waves But All Are Rescued--Vessel Goes To Bottom When Darkness Stops Battle For Life.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
New York, March 15.—The steamer Mannheim, which rescued part of the crew of the steamer British King, which sank near Sable Island last Sunday, arrived here today with eleven survivors from the sunken steamer. They reported that probably eighteen of their shipmates were drowned when the British King sank. Eighteen other survivors arrived at Boston yesterday.

**Awful Scenes**  
The sight of many brave sailors facing death on a sinking ship and fighting to see who should be last to leave it; the crews of two rescuing vessels vying with each other in efforts to man the lifeboats for rescue, and the captain of the foundering vessel, with one leg broken in two places, bravely directing efforts for the safety of his heroic men—these are the graphic features which attended the loss of the Phoenix line steamer British King, which on Sunday, March 11, in a terrible hurricane, foundered 150 miles south of Sable Island and carried to death twenty-seven members of the crew.

Thirteen men were rescued from the sinking vessel by the Leyland line steamer Bostonian, bound from Manchester to Boston, and eleven by the German tank steamer Mannheim, from Rotterdam for New York.

Five others, who had been drawn down in the vortex into which the British King was engulfed, were picked up by the Bostonian from a frail bit of wreckage which they had grasped after a desperate struggle in the whirlpool. The Bostonian arrived here Wednesday afternoon and the details of the disaster became known.

**Captain Dies of Injuries.**  
Captain James O'Hagan of the British King died on board the Bostonian from the effects of terrible injuries sustained in trying to save his ship. The rescued brought here include James Flanagan, second officer; J. D. Crawford, chief engineer; Adolphus Beck, fourth engineer, and William

Volunteers from the Mannheim, after a heroic battle with the waves, had taken off eleven from the British King, but after this neither of the steamers, in consequence of the increasing gale, could make an attempt to reach the foundering freighter.

**Goed Down in Darkness.**  
Moreover, darkness fell, and it was an utter impossibility to do else but wait for the moonlight to guide them. In the darkness the British King, waterlogged and helpless, plunged to the bottom.

For three days her captain and crew, working against unconquerable odds, had tried to prevent or at least postpone their ship's destruction. On Friday, in the height of the tempest, the deck load of oil barrels of the British King and all her fittings were carried overboard. The barrels and wreckage, forming into a powerful ram, were driven down upon her sides with crushing force, opening up the vessel's plates and allowing the water to pour into her hold.

**Fires Are Put Out.**  
The extent of the leak was not understood until the following day, however, and then, although all hands were placed at the pumps, the water gained considerably. The fires had been extinguished and the engines rendered useless by the rising water. The only remedy at hand lay in repairing the damaged sections, and while personally superintending this work, Capt. O'Hagan sustained a fractured leg and internal injuries. Although unable to stand, he continued to direct the efforts of his crew.

**MINERS CONVENE TO ACT ON MITCHELL'S ADVICE**  
Chance To Settle While Negotiations With Owners Are Pending Is Seen By Great Leader.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]  
Indianapolis, Ind., March 15.—The national convention of the United Mine Workers of America opened at ten o'clock today with over a thousand delegates present. The convention was called by President Mitchell to consider the action which may result in an agreement with the coal operators that will prevent a general strike April 1 that would bring 450,000 men from the mines. The conference with the operators will begin here on Monday.

**Mitchell's Views**  
"No man can predict with any degree of certainty what the next few days will bring forth," said President Mitchell. "The fact that the miners are assembled here and that the operators in the bituminous fields are to be here next Monday is in itself a hopeful sign. As long as there are negotiations pending there always are prospects of an amicable settlement."

"I cannot say what the action of the convention will be. We believe, however, that the attitude of many of the operators has changed since the last convention adjourned, at least to an extent sufficient to warrant us in calling another convention."

**Operators Hold Key.**  
The anthracite situation is admitted by all the delegates to be the most serious. It seems almost certain that a strike in the anthracite field will be called unless the operators recede from the position they have taken, to grant no concessions whatever.

As the situation appears now, there is likely to be a settlement in the bituminous fields of western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana. The situation in Illinois is more serious, and the leaders of the Illinois miners believe that a suspension of work there is inevitable.

The Ryan resolution adopted at the conventions of the miners four weeks ago will not stand in the way of a settlement. It was never meant to do so, but was adopted with a view to preventing the miners in western Pennsylvania from making a settlement with the operators on the old basis when it was believed an advance in wages could be procured. The resolution provided that no district should sign an agreement with the operators until all got satisfactory terms.

**Illinois Mines to Close.**  
"If the operators use the Ryan resolution as an excuse for not making a settlement in any district they will do what they have never permitted the miners to do," said Herman C. Perry, president of the Illinois miners. "We are not going to stand in the way of peace in the other bituminous fields. Some of the Illinois operators who have started in the coal business within the last few years are anxious to have a strike. They do not understand the conditions which prevailed before the interstate agreement was adopted. Even should an interstate agreement be reached now I do not think it would be possible for the Illinois miners to make a district agreement before April 1. In that case there would be a suspension of work for a time, even if no actual strike was declared. I cannot see how a shutdown of the Illinois mines can be avoided, but if the other bituminous fields are working the Illinois operators will soon get tired of keeping shut down."

That the delegates representing the bituminous miners will make every effort to avert a strike is admitted by them. They do not like the idea of settling and leaving the anthracite miners out in the cold, but that is probably what will be the result. The great strength of the United Mine Workers of America lies in the bituminous fields, and while the leaders do not say so openly, they are not anxious to jeopardize the life of the organization for the comparatively small number of members in the anthracite fields.



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## NO MORE DANDRUFF.

Newbro's Herpicide Destroys the

Pestiferous Cause of An-

SHIP SUBSIDY A  
POSITIVE NEED

AMERICA MUST PROTECT HER

MERCHANT MARINE

## OR SUFFER CONSEQUENCES

Japan Will Absorb Pacific Lines Other-

wise—How Could Troops Be

Transported Then?

(By William Wolf Smith.)

Washington, D. C., March 13.—

Special Correspondence.—No secret

is made of the fact that the War and

Navy Departments are closely watch-

ing the fate of the ship subsidy bill

and are apprehensive lest the foreign

steamship lobby, which, largely

through free transportation to Europe

and elsewhere, it is said, is exerting

such a powerful influence on the

press and public men to crush the

remnant of our once world-famed

merchant navy, shall succeed and

the American flag utterly disappear

from foreign waters. It is a matter

of cold-blooded business with these

departments. The Department of

Commerce and Labor favors the bill

because its passage will increase our

commerce which is the special charge

of that department. The postoffice

department is behind it because it

means the establishment of new mail

lines and the expediting of our mails.

The Department of Agriculture favors

it as opening new markets for our

farm products, and the treasury de-

partment means increased com-

merce means increased receipts at

the customs house. In short, the De-

partments of Justice and of the In-

terior are the only ones not directly

interested and not therefore heartily

in support of the bill. But no such

considerations actuate the depart-

ments of the navy and war. The Chi-

nese situation is giving them gen-

uine concern and the part America

will play in the next war in the Far

East is the subject of speculation by

the entire civilized world. Postpone

that war two years and let the ship

subsidy fail and America will cut a

sorry figure, say those most familiar

with the situation.

"There will not be an ocean-going

merchant steam vessel in the foreign

trade and flying the American flag on

the Pacific Coast in two years if the

ship subsidy bill is not passed, and

quickly," said an American shipown-

er, here on business with the War

Department. The General Staff of the

Army made a careful investigation

of the subject and in a comprehensive

report detailed the possible means of

army transports. The General Board

of the Navy, which Admiral Dewey

is president, did likewise and both

have endorsed practically any propo-

sition that will give America ships.

Their representations appealed to

the senate and doubtless will to the

House for in face of the demands of

patriotism not even the subsidized

agents of foreign lines can honestly

believe that they can succeed in de-

feating this measure. But if they do

what will be the situation on the Pa-

cific? Japan is reaching out after

ships, anywhere, everywhere. The

Japanese merchant marine is the most

completely subsidized in the world.

The government gives bounties of

from eight to twelve dollars per ton

for every ocean vessel built in Japan.

When in operation it subsidizes them

for every hundred miles. And this

with a teeming population just re-

covering from an exhausting war and

the cheapest of labor. As a result,

Japanese shipping increased from

150,000 tons in 1890 to 330,000 in

1904. It has now about in foreign

tonnage more steamships than the

United States. Incidentally—do the

facts appear related?—its foreign

commerce has expanded from \$117,-

000,000 in 1894 to \$42,000,000 in

1904. These facts are of absorbing

interest in connection with the situ-

ation in the Orient. Few doubt that

Japan will some day proclaim a sort

of a "Munroe Doctrine" for China and

that China will accept it. Japan has

To an unprejudiced observer it would appear that perhaps the interests of these nations might conflict with ours and their ship-owners might find that they had other pressing business to attend to at such a time. Such possibilities are not expected to weigh much with the rabid friends of foreign steamship owners who are apparently determined to keep our commerce in the hands of our competitors, but they may be seriously considered by those who have the interests of their country at heart and who do not go on the theory that in time of war, even with our tremendous resources, we can sow a bunch of steel plates at night and reap an auxiliary navy of fully manned and equipped vessels, the following day.

BAR OF OLD ROCK  
MUCH IN EVIDENCE

At the Meeting of the State Association of Lawyers in City of Milwaukee.

Rock county was greatly in evidence at the joint meeting of the State and Milwaukee Bar Associations which concluded with a brilliant banquet at the Parkington House last evening. It was President A. A. Jackson of Jansville who read a paper at the opening session Tuesday evening on "Some Sources of the Declaration of Rights in the Constitution of Wisconsin" during which the speaker reviewed the history of self-government from the earliest days down to the convention at Madison in 1847, when the present constitution of Wisconsin was adopted.

It was State Senator John M. Whitehead of Jansville who, at the afternoon session yesterday, proposed a reform in the compilation of the statutes of Wisconsin which would occasion a revolution in the methods of the legislature in respect to bills, and which after an hour's consideration was considered of such weighty importance that the association appointed a committee to confer with Senator Whitehead and proceed immediately to follow out his plans.

The plan is for all laws treating of or referring to any one particular subject to be placed under the title of that subject, a work which he estimated would take twenty-five years to carry out, but which would make the statutes of Wisconsin a model for other states.

At the morning session Chief Justice James B. Cassoday of the Wisconsin supreme court, who originally belonged to the Rock county bar, read a scholarly eulogy on the late Matthew H. Carpenter, who was also a practitioner in Rock county.

Mention was made by Justice Cassoday, of several of the important law cases with which Mr. Carpenter was connected during his career in Wisconsin. Quotations were read from many eminent jurists of the country who expressed themselves at the time of Senator Carpenter's death as to his qualifications as an attorney. Among these, was one from the chief justice of the United States supreme court who said: "Matt. Carpenter was the peer of any man at the American bar, and the superior of most of them."

"There can be no higher praise," said Justice Cassoday in conclusion, "for any lawyer than to be classed as a constitutional lawyer, one of the few of which this country can boast. Matthew Hale Carpenter achieved distinction."

All the papers, with the exception of that of Corporate Counsel J. Hamilton Lewis of Chicago, were read by Rock county or former Rock county lawyers. Mr. Lewis made a sensational attack on the courts, the laws, the lawyers, and the rich and wealthy corporations and personages of the country, in which he delivered a bitter denunciation of Rogers, Hill, Harriman, Morgan, Rockefeller, the beef trust operators and others, whom he charged with snapping their fingers at the law and the courts, and thus leading and giving birth to the insolence the lower classes exhibit for the law. On the one side, he said, there was an anarchy of arrogance, and on the other side an insolence of ignorance.

Mr. Lewis did not mince his words in criticizing the courts, which allow the powerful interests of the country to escape the meshes of the law, while he inveighed against those lawyers whom he charged with abandoning the ideals of olden times and worshipping a "God of gain instead of a God of justice." Revolution and anarchy, he said, will follow, unless the law, the courts, and the lawyers of the land are purified and come again into the splendid heritage of honor and respect that has come down from the past.

L. J. Nash of Manitowish was elected president of the state association to succeed A. A. Jackson. "It was the best meeting we ever had," said the latter upon his return from Milwaukee this distinction.

banquet given in honor of Judge Jas. G. Jenkins, retired, last evening and extra places had to be arranged at the last minute to accommodate them all. Besides the two Jansville lawyers already mentioned, United States District Attorney W. G. Wheeler was present at the session. A new association of county judges was formed which gives the state a bar association, a district attorneys' association, an association of circuit judges, and one of county judges.

know that the disease is any more prevalent now than it has been for some time, but we are discovering it more rapidly. If the campaign which we have been carrying on for four years is continued energetically I believe we can practically rid the state of it. It hasn't quite reached 2 percent yet, and while that is a large enough ratio, the situation is most hopeful when compared with that in England and Denmark, where the percentage runs as high as 40. By vigorous work I believe we can put an end to tuberculosis in Wisconsin and that is what we are working for."

ANNUAL BANQUET AT  
THE EAST-SIDE HALL

Knights of the Globe and Eminent Ladies Made Merry Last Night—Bouquet for Jerome Howland

At East Side Odd Fellows' hall last evening members of the Knights of the Globe and the Eminent Ladies Garrison enjoyed their annual banquet. Some fifty couples were seated at the festal board and when the feast was ended M. D. Taylor, with a graceful speech in behalf of the assembled banqueters, presented Jerome Howland, who has been in charge of the hall for many years, with a beautiful bouquet of carnations in commemoration of his eighty-second birthday. A musical and literary entertainment arranged by the ladies followed and a tableau of Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works was one of the amusing features. "Sir Knight Carle gave a short address on the virtue and value of a bright and cheerful life. The festivities concluded with an informal hop in the dance hall above.

Real Estate Transfers  
W. O. Howell to William T. Adee \$7500 w 1/2 w 1/2 sec. 29-311.  
George H. Cram and wife to C. T. Smith \$2500 pt. 1 of Adams sub. div. Beloit.

Edwin O'Donnell and husband to August Broitman \$5500 lot 1 pt. 2-15 Palmer & Sutherland's Add. Jansville.

Blondina J. Butts to Frank J. Hutchins \$1850 lot 1 pt. lot 2 e 1/2 of sec. 28 Milton.

J. H. McCulloch and wife to Homer M. Hall \$2500 lot 20 Pease's sub. div. Jansville.

William Gundlach and wife to Ellen Ludden \$1200 pt. w 1/2 w 1/2 sec. 28-411.

Laverne E. Whaley and wife to John Sauter and wife \$900 lot 20 Shumway's Add. Jansville.

James Gillies and W. J. Jones to William L. Crooks and wife \$3,000 pt. e 1/2 w 1/2 sec. 6-214.

Marshall J. Fisher and wife to James D. Mabie \$2000 pt. lot 12, 13-6 Original plat Evansville.

Sarah Hollister to Wm. H. Hollister et al \$1 w 1/2 of w 1/2 w 1/2 e 1/2 w 1/2 sec. 28-121 and other land Plymouth.

Gottfried G. Mahlum to G. G. Mahlum \$19,000 sec. 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, sec. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 sec. 10-41, 280 acres.

Porter B. Yates and wife to Catharine H. Royce \$500 pt. lot 7 & 8-4 Yates' Add. Beloit.

Samuel N. Bennett and wife to James Ryan \$900 lot 8-1 Fleukiger's Add. Beloit.

John Foster and wife to John Shepard \$350 lot 14-5 Dow's Add. Beloit.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY  
Take LAXATIVE-BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVER'S signature is on each box. 25c.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT  
Jansville Chapter No. 6, R. A. M., at Masonic hall.

Laurel Lodge No. 2, Degree of Honor, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Fraternity Reserve association at West Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Jansville Aerie No. 724, Fraternal Order of Eagles, meets at North Main street hall.

National Fraternal League at Forsters' hall in Assembly hall.

Buy It in Jansville.

Admiral May Accept Gifts.  
Washington, March 15.—At the beginning of its session Wednesday the senate passed a bill authorizing Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, U. S. N., to accept gifts tendered him by the British and Russian governments.

Naval Station Inspection.  
Washington, March 15.—Assistant Secretary of the Navy Newberry will leave for New Orleans to make an inspection of the naval stations there and at Pensacola, Key West and Charleston.

HOW TO STARTOFF THE DAY  
Students of Hygiene, All Agree That the Right Kind of a Breakfast is Essential.

Thinking people are giving more and more earnest thought as to how to start off each new day so as to put themselves in the best possible physical and mental condition for the work of the day. It is an interesting subject, so interesting indeed that it has attracted the attention of a host of the world's leading scholars and authors on hygiene and many different opinions have been written for the guidance of the people. On one point, at least, all are agreed. This is that the right kind of a breakfast is essential.

A perfect breakfast is impossible without Malta-Vita, that delicious, crisp, vitelline, whole wheat food.

In making Malta-Vita the whole of the wheat, after being cleaned, is thoroughly steamed and cooked in malt extract, a powerful digestive agent, which converts the starch of the wheat into maltose, or malt sugar. Maltose is great food and the weakest stomach digests and assimilates it without effort. After being rolled into thin, wafer-like flakes the malted wheat is baked under such intense heat that it comes from the ovens crisp and brown—positively the most healthful food in the world. Always ready to eat. All grocers, now 10 cents.

FIFTY MEN FROM  
HERE TO ATTEND

LARGE DELEGATION FOR STATE

Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

## IN LINE CITY THIS WEEK

Seven Entered in Gymnastic Contest

—Party of Ladies Will Go to Beloit Saturday.

Fifty men from Jansville will attend the State Y. M. C. A. convention in Beloit this week as delegates from the local association. Nearly forty have already agreed to go and ten or a dozen more are expected. The greater majority will not go down until Saturday morning, though some will be present tomorrow and others will be there only on Sunday. Among the delegates are J. M. Whitehead, President of the State Work, F. F. Lewis, F. T. Richards, Rev. J. H. Tipple, Rev. J. W. Laughlin, Rev. W. P. Vaughan, J. C. Kline, Rev. W. P. Christy, C. D. Childs, John H. Jones, W. E. Clinton, D. C. Barker, G. C. Harney, George A. Jacobs, Orr Laughlin, Walter Kendall, Vincent Koch, Arthur Jones, Glen Brown, J. A. Ward, George Finkins, James Gregory, Sr., A. G. Anderson, Eugene Currier, Robert Conley, Percy Dennis, Lynn Aspinwall, and Bruce Kline.

Athletes There Tonight.  
The convention will be initiated this evening with a gymnastic meet. Seven athletes from here have been entered and will contest in the events as follows:

Relay race—Doane Wright, Harvey Lee, Floyd Davis, Fred Jensen.  
Gymnastic tryouts (side horse and parallel bars)—Frank Chase, Sterling Campbell, Rollo Dobson.  
Shot put—Harvey Lee.  
30-yard dash—Floyd Davis.  
Pole vault—Doane Wright.  
High jump—Doane Wright, Harvey Lee.

It is expected that the Bower City boys will bring home some honors, but Milwaukee will send a team of twenty-five with the idea of carrying off the paddock trophy and Racine with her three stars will probably make a notable showing. Besides these events a basketball game between Milwaukee and Oshkosh will be played to determine the champions of the state.

Jansville Orchestra Plays  
The orchestra of the Jansville Y. M. C. A. will furnish the music of the conference on Saturday and Sunday, the members leaving for the Line City early Saturday morning. The organization is composed of the following: F. F. Lewis, cello; F. E. Williams, violin; Oscar Halverson, violin; A. S. Fates, violin; Rollo Dobson, mandolin; Arthur J. Clark, clarinet; William Brunson, cornet; Harold Shurtell, cornet. The state quartet will be present throughout the entire meeting and will sing at each session. The members are: J. C. Kline and Dr. F. T. Richards of Jansville and Dr. Brown and Charles Puelher of Milwaukee.

Delegation of Ladies  
On Saturday there will be in attendance a delegation of ladies from the auxiliary to the local Y. M. C. A. Between a dozen and fourteen will be in the party and they expect to be present at the various meetings.

## L



## For BEAUTIFUL WALLS buy ROMAN WALL PAINT

Finest thing for interiors of Homes, Schools, Hospitals, and all Public Buildings. Dries quickly without gloss, giving rich, velvety effect. Can be washed without injury. Greatly superior to all other wall finishes. Durable, Hygienic, Elegant and Inexpensive. Made by

**THE CHICAGO WHITE LEAD AND OIL CO.**

For Sample Card of 12 beautiful colors and general information, apply to  
**H. L. McNAMARA**



That's just where the Gazette stands today. It goes into the homes, the offices, the stores, everywhere, in fact, where good, reliable journalism is wanted. That is why an advertisement of any kind placed in its columns yields such prompt and satisfactory returns.

THREE LINES THREE TIMES, 25c

## WANT ADS.

Letters awaiting claimers at Gazette office addressed to: 750, -L. T. 340, H-24.

**WANTED**—Girls to operate, knitting machines; steady employment, and good wages. Lewis Knitting Co.

**WANTED**—Girl at Riverside Laundry.

**WANTED**—A good competent girl for general housework. Mrs. W. C. Hart, 24 S. Main St.

**WANTED**—Experienced dining room girl, wages \$18 per month. Also girls for private houses, good wages. Mrs. E. M. McCarthy, 215 West Milwaukee St.

**WANTED**—Man to work on farm by month. Inquire of Mrs. M. E. Taylor, new phone.

**WANTED**—Gentleman or lady with good references to travel for firm. \$20.00 capital. Salary \$12 per year and expenses salary paid weekly, and expenses advanced. Address with stamp, J. A. Alexander, Janesville, Wis.

**WANTED**—Two girls at Flat A Opera House block.

**WANTED**—Young married man for shipping clerk, night work. Address by letter, giving recommendations, James, care of Gazette.

**WANTED**—Immediately, a place for a man on a farm. Mrs. E. McCarthy, 215 West Milwaukee St.

**WANTED**—Two or three ladies for conversational work. \$10 a day easily made. D. G. G. Park Hotel, Between 5 and 6 o'clock p. m. or 7 to 8 p. m.

**ACTIVE man wanted in each county to exhibit, demonstrate and advertise staple lines; salary \$18 weekly, \$3 per day for expenses. No capital required. Honesty and sobriety essential. Has experience. National Co., 720 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.**

**AGENTS**—If you can give satisfactory references you can make big money handling our goods; something new in a visible type. Best ever offered at moderate prices. Demand is immense. Machines sell themselves. Little capital required. Terms on request. S. J. Jewett & Co., 414 Broadway, Milwaukee, Wis.

**WANTED**—Dressmaking and plain sewing. Mrs. E. Follows, 14 Corn Exchange, Room No. 10.

**WANTED**—A job on farm by month; by a single young man. Bert Dodge, 15 Pearl Street.

**WANTED**—A light single wagon, long box. Address Gazette, this office.

**WANTED**—A competent girl for general housework. Mrs. E. C. St. Lawrence, 14 Corn Exchange, Room No. 10.

**WANTED**—Boards; board and room \$12. Inquire at 121 Pearl St. Old phone 372.

**WANTED**—Competent girl for general housework. Inquire at 208 Jackson St.

## FOR RENT

**FOR RENT**—A furnished room, suitable for two girls; with or without board. 161 N. Franklin St.

**FOR RENT**—or Sale—Romington type writer in first class condition. Inquire at Gazette office.

**FOR RENT**—Room suitable for two gentlemen. 101 S. Academy St.

**FOR RENT**—200 acre farm; 12 acres of good tobacco land. Can milk from ten to twenty cows; fifty ewes; farm fully stocked. Inquire of Scott & Sherman, Real Estate, Bonds and Insurance Agents, Phoenix Block, 21 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

**FOR RENT**—Modern seven room house. Mrs. Sun E. Wilcox, 37 South Second St.

**FOR RENT**—April 1st—Modern steam heated five room flat; hot and cold water, bath, range, etc. Inquire at S. D. Grubb's clothing store.

## FOR SALE

**FOR SALE**—Six large room house with two porches. Rukold and Clifton streets. Price \$1500. Inquire at 18 Prospect Ave.

**FOR SALE**—Two cottage houses on S. Jackson St. Easy terms if desired. Dr. Clifton, to-day.

**FOR SALE**—A Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine in good condition; price \$5. Inquire at 18 Prospect Ave. New phone 708.

**FOR SALE**—Two good sized horses and a heavy farm harness. Real Estate, Bonds and Insurance Agents, Phoenix Block, 21 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

**FOR SALE**—My house and barn at 177 Madison St. Inquire at the house, or of O. D. Lincoln at Ames Kollberg & Co's.

**SEVERAL** Good Bargains in farms and city homes. If you are interested call and see us. Money to loan on good security at five per cent. Scott & Sherman, Real Estate, Bonds and Insurance Agents, Phoenix Block, 21 West Milwaukee St., Janesville, Wis.

**FOR SALE**—New seven room house; all modern conveniences; power and cesspool; storm cellar; water laid. New phone 187.

**FOR SALE**—House and lot on St. Lawrence Place, Third ward. C. S. Jackson.

**FOR SALE**—Ten acres in city limits; good house and lot; water of all kinds. W. J. Little, 235 Center avenue. Old phone 293.

## EDGERTON TAKES SECOND PLACE

Relief Corps For Miss Wills And Masons For Mr. Fish Have Good Pluralities.

## SIX NEW CANDIDATES NAMED

Plans For More Effective Campaigning Are Receiving Much Attention.

The following shows the results of the balloting to six o'clock last night:

**LADIES**

MRS. WM. E. SPICER..... 312  
America Lodge, D. of R.  
MISS B. L. WILLS..... 80  
W. H. Sargent Corps W. R. C.  
and O. E. S.  
MISS ANNA BISHOP..... 39  
St. Joseph's, Edgerton.  
MRS. ANNIE KINOW..... 7  
Rock River High L. O. T. M.  
MRS. ALICE MASON..... 8  
R. N. A.  
MISS TENA LUCKFIELD..... 6  
Hanover  
MISS CATHERINE BUTTON..... 3  
Milton Junction O. E. S.  
MRS. HETTIE MERRILL..... 2  
Edgerton Camp R. N. A.  
MISS CHARLOTTE SKINNER..... 2  
Edgerton Chapter O. E. S.  
MISS FANNY RYCKMAN..... 2  
Janesville  
MISS LOTS DUNN..... 2  
Orfordville  
MISS MAE CONROY..... 2  
W. C. O. F.  
MRS. JOSEPHINE CUNNINGHAM..... 2  
HAM—  
Retail Clerks

**GENTLEMEN**

B. H. BALDWIN..... 79  
Knights of Pythias  
JOSEPH CONNORS..... 2  
Knights of Columbus  
JOHN NICHOLS..... 2  
Janesville Aerie F. O. E.  
J. RUSSELL..... 2  
B. of L. F.  
FRED MCKINNEY..... 2  
Edgerton Lodge K. P.  
W. F. SHUMWAY..... 2  
B. of L. E.  
WIRT WRIGHT..... 2  
Congregational Church, Edgerton.  
RICHARD GREIFITH..... 2  
Rock River Tent K. O. T. M.  
ED. S. FALTER..... 2  
Shoe Workers  
MERWIN BECK..... 2  
Orfordville  
E. T. FISH..... 2  
A. F. & A. M.  
J. E. CLARK..... 2  
C. O. F.  
A. E. BADGER..... 2  
Modern Woodmen

Tomorrow brings the end of the first week's balloting for the Gazette's trophies and with the passing of the first week the time limit on the ballots will begin to expire. This will no doubt be the means of bringing in many votes on both Friday and Saturday and these will probably add many new names to the bulletin and work some surprising changes in the standing of those whose friends have already placed them in nomination.

Every day of the race brings new and interesting developments. Committees are being talked of by members of some of the societies interested to better the chances for securing votes for their candidates and combinations are being considered among the candidates themselves for more effective campaigning.

The latter is easily the most interesting phase of the contest now and it is quite clear that much will depend upon the make-up of these tickets or partnerships.

The regulations provide in all cases for an equal number of votes for each of two candidates—a lady and a gentleman—and the problem of using both to the best advantage has led quite naturally to the making of arrangements for the exchange of votes. By this means, a candidate in the ladies' list, turns over her gentlemen's votes to a gentleman in exchange for his ladies' votes, and according to a local politician, who figured the thing out, the value of the ballots will be really doubled for each party to the transaction.

In two of our neighboring towns, it is rumored, will be carried out.

## —LADIES' BALLOT— ONE VOTE FOR

**M** of society or organization subject to conditions governing the balloting for the Janesville-Gazette Trophies. Void unless voted on or before Thursday, March 22, 1906.

## VOTE BOTH BALLOTS.

## —GENTLEMEN'S BALLOT— ONE VOTE FOR

**M** of society or organization subject to conditions governing the balloting for the Janesville-Gazette Trophies. Void unless voted on or before Thursday, March 22, 1906.

## PRIZE ARTICLES.

Result of Competitive Trial Among High School Students.

The recent prize offer of the Janesville Electric Co. for the best articles on "Electricity in the Household," made to the students of the high school, developed considerable literary genius. Three prizes were awarded of \$10 as first, \$5 for second and \$2.50 for third, and the successful contestants were as follows: Wallace Mills, first; Ward Ryan, second; Grant Hyde, third. The judges who passed upon the various articles were Judge C. L. Field, Dr. J. W. Laughlin and P. H. Korst. The first of the articles reproduced here, the others will follow.

### Electricity in the Household

(By Wallace C. Mills)

In this age of practical science, electricity is of such every day importance as to make it a factor not only in the business world, but also in the household. Hence, no twentieth century house is considered complete in which the electric current is not used.

The electric light has already added much to the comfort and beauty of the modern home. Its evenness, and steadiness make it, when properly shaded, the ideal reading lamp, while for convenience and safety, it becomes most desirable for decorative and general illuminating purposes. Its brilliancy as a porch or hall light and its effectiveness in table decoration add much to the attractiveness of the modern house. It is also healthful because, being enclosed in a glass globe, it does not, like gas, burn up the oxygen of the air and cannot give off poisonous gases to vibrate the atmosphere. It thus justifies its popularity as being economical, clean, safe, and hygienic. The incandescent light is recommended by insurance companies because it does away with matches and all open flames, and may not only be turned on or off without danger by children and servants.

But aside from its utility in illuminating the home, electricity may also be used there as a practical motor power. By the use of a small motor which can be attached to any ordinary lamp socket, the fatiguing treadmill motion of the sewing machine is avoided. Its driving wheel is quickly started or stopped, and the speed regulated by means of a lever. The operator may assume any easy, comfortable position; the only necessity being to guide the cloth beneath the needle. The familiar portable fan is useful on hot summer days and particularly in the sick room. As the running of a small fan of this sort costs about one cent per hour, it may be called, not a luxury, but almost a necessity.

Another field for the practical use of electricity in recent years is its application as a heating element. The popular prejudice against electric heating appliances is that they are too expensive. In many cases, however, electricity is more economical than the old way of heating, and even when it is slightly more expensive, the saving of energy and nerve force cannot be computed in dollars and cents. Candles and oil lamps are cheaper than gas and electricity; yet we all now prefer the latter.

Electric heating implements possess the advantage of cleanliness as they do away with soot, ashes, and dirt. In the average kitchen stove the greater part of the heat goes up the chimney or into the room and must be continuously maintained, while with the electric stove one gets all the heat at the degree of temperature required, and only for the time needed. It costs about four cents a half hour to run a small and convenient cooking stove, a paltry sum when one's time, strength, and purse must be consulted. The electric flat-iron has the advantage over the ordinary form, because it maintains an even and constant temperature in the bottom of the iron, where it is needed, as long as the current is turned on. Every housewife knows the discomfort of keeping up a hot fire on a warm day and the inconvenience of making frequent trips to and from the stove, both of which are avoided by the use of the electric flat-iron. It is especially handy in flats and apartment houses.

The electric chafing-dish is always ready, costs less than alcohol to run, and has none of the dangers incident to the use of a flame. The heater is removable and makes a very neat looking stove for toasting and warming biscuits or wafers. A combination set, consisting of chafing-dish, coffee-urn, and teapot, to be used with the same heater, makes a very handsome dining-room accessory. One very useful kitchen utensil is the electric water-heater. It is very strong and durable, and for heating small quantities of water at any time of day or night, is indispensable. The combination cereal cooker is somewhat similar to this except that it may be used in cooking cereals in addition to its utility as a water-heater, vegetable steamer, and egg-boiler. Electric waffle irons have the advantage of maintaining an evenly distributed temperature, thereby browning the waffles well on both sides. Another article which commends itself to every up-to-date and thrifty housewife is the electric oven. The perfect results, so easily obtained with it, are due to the arrangement of the heat supply, since the temperature can be changed at will and all of the heat is confined to the oven. Being independent of all other things it can be placed in any convenient position or at any desired height, thus avoiding the necessity of stooping to examine the contents. Aside from all these conveniences, some of which may soon become necessities, there are also electric plate-warmers, boilers, toasting-irons, frying pans, and numerous other kitchen appliances which make up a full equipment, all of which may be operated at a reasonable cost.

Of late years electricity has been of still further service in the sick room and boudoir. The electric heating pad is now rapidly displacing the old hot water bag. Those bags which retain rather than maintain heat are liable to rank, chafe, and often do more harm than good. The proper place, while heating pads are soft, light and pliable. They are endorsed by physicians because, having an outer re-



## If you wash for a family

Monday is a big day. Get help! Don't try to make muscle do what soap ought to do and what Peosta soap does do. Get Peosta at the nearest grocery, five bars, enough for five large washings, cost 25 cents. Soak the clothes in Peosta suds instead of boiling them and see how easy it all is.

## Use Beach's Peosta Soap

Beach's Hand Soap is the best mechanics' soap.



## The New Suits and Coats for Spring



A very complete showing of some of the best New York styles is now on. You are invited to call and see what is to be the correct dress for the coming season.

## SUITS. COATS. SKIRTS.

## Simpson DRY GOODS

movable covering, they may be kept in a sanitary condition, and because the temperature may be regulated without disturbing the patient. The heating pad never needs refilling and by means of it much relief is brought to the sick. Invalids with cold feet are much relieved by the electric foot pad, and much time and trouble can be saved through water heating coils and nursery bottle warmers. When the baby's milk bottle can be warmed in four minutes at any time of the night and at a cost of one-sixth of a cent, what well-regulated household in which there is a baby can afford to be without an electric milk warmer? Among other appliances, the luminous radiator which, aside from heating the room, gives it a cheerful glow. The electric curling iron heater has also come into general use. It works automatically and is neat in appearance. Still further, a small electric motor in the house can be used to advantage for a great many purposes such as polishing and cleaning silverware, running electric fans, grinding coffee, cutting meat, sharpening knives, and pumping water.

All these appliances, illustrating but a portion of the many tasks at which the copper wire servant can be employed, establish the point that electricity is rapidly coming into practical use in the household and that, as electrical developments increase and electric power is being furnished at a lower and lower cost, much more may be successfully done by this magic force.

## M'GOVERN LOSES FIGHT TO BATTLING NELSON

"Terrible Terry" Lucky to Last Six Rounds and Escape Knockout at Hands of Champion.

Philadelphia, Pa., March 15.—Batting Nelson, the fighting Dane of Hegewisch, Ill., fought, and bested Terry McGovern of Brooklyn in six hard rounds before a crowd of 4,000 persons who packed the large auditorium of the National Athletic club.

McGovern was lucky to last out the limit. He had never a look in to win. Save only for a portion of one round the Brooklyn boy was always on the short end of the milling.

Nelson showed great strength and it was probably only his lack of cleverness that prevented him from administering a knockout. As it was, Nelson twice had the Brooklynite in Queer street. Terry was down on one knee twice, but because of his foot slipping as much as from Nelson's punches.

The men were announced to fight under straight Queensbury rules; and to protect themselves at all times. Nelson's strength was evident from the first, as he could always throw Terry around at will. The wrestling of the first two rounds tired Terry some, but he made a showing in the opening of the third, although it didn't seem to worry the Battler much.

Fortunate was it for Terry that the contest was only for six rounds. Had there been another it is doubtful if the Brooklyn boy could have done more than advance to the center of the ring.

Gen. Charles King and Adj. Gen. Boardman Inspected Company I, Second regiment, at Marinette.

## DRINK

Bars Men from Employment

Every line of business is beginning to shut its doors absolutely to drinking men. Business competition has become so keen that only men of steadfast habits can find employment.

Employers do not want men that are addicted to drink. A drinking man is not in fit condition to handle responsible work. Continual drinking diseases the nerve system. No "will power" can cure; treatment is necessary.

## ORRINE

Cures Whiskey and Beer Habit

Take ORRINE Quietly at Home!

To cure without patient's knowledge, buy ORRINE No. 1, for voluntary treatment, buy ORRINE No. 2. Price, \$1.00 per box.

Cure Effect or Money Refunded

Booklet "Drinklessness" (scaled) free on request. ORRINE mailed sealed on receipt of \$1 by THE ORRINE CO., Inc., Washington, D. C., or sold in this city by 36 THE PEOPLE'S DRUG CO. AND KING'S PHARMACY.



(Rochia, Triophylla)

A highly ornamental annual of unusually rapid growth, forming regular pyramids from two to three feet in height, having a sprays-like appearance. The leaves are slender and of a light green tint until September, when they change to a rich and blood-red. Its brilliant autumn coloring has given it two other names, "Mexican Fire Plant" and "Burnish Bush". The seed germinates quickly. Sow indoors in April and plant out May, or sow in open ground about May 1st. Plants do best in a sunny exposure, and in sandy soil, about two feet apart. "Pat. 100, 3 for 25c."

## Vaughan's Burning Bush

84 and 86 Randolph St., Chicago, Ill.



# THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE

Business Office Open Saturday  
Evenings.

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN, AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.  
WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Generally fair in northern portion, probably snow flurries in southern portion tonight.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
One Year	\$4.00
One Month	.50
One Year, cash in advance	3.00
One Month, cash in advance	.25
Three Months, cash in advance	1.25
Daily Edition—By Mail	
CASH IN ADVANCE.	
One Year	\$4.00
One Month	.50
One Year—Rural delivery in Rock	5.00
One Month—Rural delivery in Rock	.75
County	
Weekly Edition—One Year	1.50
Long Distance Telephone, No. 17.	
Business Office	77-2
Editorial Rooms	77-3

"Everything is impossible until we see a success." Your own business is probably bigger now than you thought "possible" before you became a shrewd (which means a "large") advertiser.

There may be something to that feeding station idea after all.

Babcock has spoken in favor of the statehood bill as amended by the senate.

Milwaukee is in the midst of a political campaign and also of a franchise fight.

Saloons always play an important part in politics. Exceptionally so in municipal affairs.

District Attorney McGovern is very busy just now denouncing Mayor Rose of Milwaukee.

Local candidates are anxiously awaiting word from the primaries next Tuesday.

Beloit local politics are taking the form of personal abuse. The mud-slinging has begun.

The cold wave is not yet over according to the weather reports, but no ice crop is in sight.

Mr. Jones, of Hillside, has been selected as a regent. Is there any political significance in this move?

Janesville has long been an open circuit most of the year and it would be too bad to have it closed now.

The Zion City colony appears to be following the lead of the Mormons and repudiating their founder.

Forty years ago there was a move on foot to raise the saloon license from \$25 to \$50. Just think of that!

An Chicago the saloon men have combined to defeat the aldermen who voted for the thousand dollar license bill.

Madison is a bigger city and has a bigger fire department than Janesville but they are in hot water all the time.

It would be a shame to tie Arizona and New Mexico into a statehood marriage that is not pleasing to either party.

Forty years ago they were planning a canal to make direct connections with the Mississippi river and the Great Lakes.

Crusaders always have a hard time of it. Even Mrs. Dowle is said to have deserted her spouse because she believes he is wrong.

If the investigation of university affairs has done nothing else it has brought out the fact that there is a smell in the agricultural schools.

Madison is having a fight for the mayor nomination. Saloons are pitted against business interests and it is safe to say the saloons will win.

Labor leaders can denounce President Roosevelt because he opposes their radical ideas but the president is the true friend of the workman.

So Andy O'Dea is to leave the university coaching department. If O'Dea had only said this years ago the status of affairs would have been much better than it is now.

UGHT TO FEEL GOOD.

Uncle Sam is feeling pretty good over his financial condition, says the Manchester, Iowa, Press. A year ago there was a deficit in the national revenues of over \$28,500,000, but it has now been reduced to less than \$3,400,000, and it is said that this amount will be entirely wiped out during the next month. Large increases in customs and internal revenue receipts are responsible for this splendid showing. Prosperity is written all over Uncle Sam's face.

Voters for judicial candidates should understand that it will be to their advantage to have the home of the circuit judge remain in Janesville as ninety per cent of the business of the circuit originates in Rock county. This means to vote with an understanding of what the election of an outside resident would mean to your pocket books should you go to law and your attorney have to journey to Monroe or Jefferson to have papers signed while court was not in session here. It is a small item but worth considering.

## RECENT EARTHQUAKES.

Geologists associate some earthquakes with volcanic action and explain others by saying that the rock strata which are disturbed have been under a prolonged strain, to which they yield at last. The overloading of a large area on one side of a "fault" or crevice in the earth's crust, is held to be an adequate cause for the readjustment; and this may be brought about by an accumulation of sediment on the sea bottom near the mouth of a large river. Since the disturbances near the Pacific coast of Colombia on January 31 and those in the Windward Islands about a fortnight later, there has been much speculation as to their origin. Inasmuch as there has been volcanic activity in both regions in the past, it was natural to suspect that the same phenomenon had attended, and perhaps preceded, the recent upheavals.

Evidence that such was not the case in Martinique is now supplied by Professor Heilprin, of Philadelphia. Within the last few days he has ascended Mount Pelee, and he declares that the crater is quiet. That fact satisfies him that the shocks in Martinique at St. Vincent last month were due to the sinking of the bed of the Caribbean sea. Until a better theory is suggested, this may be accepted provisionally. It may prove to be applicable to the earthquakes in Colombia also. Dispatches from that country reported that the volcano Cumbal had been in a state of eruption. A writer in "Nature"—a scientific periodical of high standing—refers, however, to the outbreak as a mere incident of the general convulsion, which it believes was produced by an extensive dislocation of strata under the Pacific off the mouth of the Esmeralda river. The shocks were violent enough to set up tidal waves of destructive violence, to rupture the submarine cable in several places and to be registered by automatic instruments in Europe five thousand or six thousand miles away.

Evidently, then, the volcanic eruption is to be considered an effect, rather than a cause, in certain cases, of which this one is an illustration. The present instance, according to "Nature," is by no means unique. By that journal the outbreak which destroyed St. Pierre in May, 1902, is connected with the earthquakes which occurred in Guatemala only a few weeks before. The relationship between volcanic and seismic phenomena is apparently more complicated than has been popularly supposed, and if "Nature" is right, one may induce the other hundreds, if not thousands, of miles from the scene of the original disturbance.

## PRESS COMMENT.

Who Even Intimated Otherwise? La Crosse Chronicle: There is no reason why a washerwoman should not own an automobile if she has the money to pay for one.

They Second The Motion. Milwaukee Sentinel: It is understood that the proposal to transfer Taft to the supreme bench is warmly approved by Messrs. Fairbanks and Shaw.

World-Growing Better. Chicago News: At first Milwaukee intended to re-elect Mayor Rose, but then again it thought that it might be a good thing to keep up with the procession.

Lusts For Safe Warfare. Superior Telegram: Well, isn't it about time to give Reed Smoot another whack? Certainly polygamy is one of the evils that can be assailed without alarming capital.

Sympathy Withheld. Evening Wisconsin: The Marinette victims who purchased paste diamonds on representation that they were real gems that had been stolen, were swindled out of participation in a crime as receivers of stolen goods.

Malicious Neglect. Chicago Record-Herald: A Michigan man married a Nashville girl the other day, and one of the papers published in his home town didn't refer to her as "a southern belle." There must have been personal animosity back of this.

Still, Size Isn't Everything. La Crosse Tribune: The actual population of the Isle of Pines is under 2,000. In the last election forty-nine votes were cast. Now why all this trouble with a place with a population less than some La Crosse wards?

Blame It On Newsboy. Chicago Tribune: Close students of municipal conditions affect to be able to trace the origin of the present carnival of crime back to the period when the newsboy with the fagot horn took his stand at a prominent downtown corner and began giving away a horrible murder, a robbery, or a burglary with every paper he sold.

Democratic Sarcasm. Milwaukee News: As the nine hundred Moros that were dispatched by Doc. Wood in his last "brilliant feat of arms" were not chloroformed, his operation has not excited the protest from our humanitarians that was aroused by Dr. Kempster's suggestion that doctors should be authorized to relieve incurables from their misery by administering anesthetics.

Senator Hoar's Epitaph. Jefferson County Union: The following epitaph written by Senator Hoar himself, is inscribed on his monument at Worcester, Mass.: "I have no faith in fatalism, in destiny, in blind force. I believe in God, the living God. I believe in the American people, a brave, free people, who do not bow the neck to any power, and who desire no other to bow the neck or bend the neck to them."

"I believe that a republic is greater than an empire. I believe, finally, whatever clouds may darken the horizon, that the world is growing better; that today is better than yesterday."

## FROM THE PENCIL'S POINT.

Better a clever enemy than a fool friend.

A cunning man is seldom wise, and never honest.

Adversity sometimes transforms a coward into a hero.

A blush is one of the few things that cannot be counterfeited.

With dice the best throw one can make is to throw them away.

When a real estate agent begins to go down hill he loses ground rapidly.

Surely the man who deceives himself is an easy mark for other deceivers.

A man may be short of ideas and still be able to hand out a long line of talk.

The reason why everybody loves babies and kittens is because they always act natural.

Everybody wants to boss somebody, and there is always somebody who wants to boss everybody.

It sometimes comes to pass that after a man has eaten everything set before him he wonders what ails him.

As a rule married men do not care to attend public lectures—probably because they get too many lectures at home.

It is always difficult for a young man to understand what there is about his sister that attracts other young men.

Those three balls displayed by a pawnbroker indicate that the odds are two to one in favor of his getting the best of the transaction.

Gen. Bragg's Birthday. Oshkosh Northwestern: The people of Fond du Lac are already commencing to discuss plans for conferring some appropriate honor on their distinguished townsman, Gen. Edward S. Bragg, on the latter's return from his last post of duty as United States consul general at Hong Kong, China, which office he has now relinquished in order to return to his former home and friends at Fond du Lac and spend his old age in retirement and quietude. According to the records General Bragg will celebrate his eightieth birthday on February 20, next, and during these eighty eventful years he has witnessed wonderful changes in the state and nation, in many of which he himself has played an important part. His life, in fact, has been one of extreme activity, and in his varied experience he has tasted both the joys of success and the bitterness of vicissitudes and disappointments.

They Cry: "Crucify Him!" Chicago Inter Ocean: If all those who applauded him in the days of his prosperity—if even those who for his favors then, kissed his hand and were ready to lick his boots—were silent now, there would be no likelihood today that Chauncey M. Depew would end his life in mental darkness or a suicide's grave.

Here is a man who for thirty years was notable for his assiduity in those countless friendly services which all of us are always needing and the cheerful rendering of which does so much to smooth the path of life. Yet today hardly a protest is raised against the outcry to crucify him—not to punish him, but to crucify him, kill him, put him into his grave, and dance on the sod above his dead body.

Those who were Mr. Depew's open enemies when he was riding the crest of fortune's wave—those who then sought to destroy his power or take away his fame as undeserved—have license now to rejoice in his fall. If they were to do so—if they were to raise a clamor against him—they would be guilty only of bad taste.

But those who are now hounding Chauncey M. Depew out of reason and life are not those who were his open enemies aforetime. They are those who, when he had favors to dispense, crooked the knee before him and were loud in their wonder at his greatness.

## FEVER BROUGHT POSTCARDS

Young Woman Prostrated by Typhoid Receives Them from All Over the World.

There is a certain young woman in New York who can thank typhoid fever for giving her a remarkably fine collection of souvenir postal cards. Since her illness began, and she was taken to a hospital, her family and friends have entertained and cheered her up by mail, whenever visiting was not considered judicious. She is not strong enough to read letters, but she delights in looking at pictures, and her friends literally ransack the shops looking for novel and pretty picture postcards.

The result is, states the New York Press, that she has a full set of New York views, including street scenes, the parks, the principal churches, monuments, the water front and nearby beaches. All friends or acquaintances going away are requested to send her something, so her collection includes mountain scenery, lakes, seashore views and places of interest in other towns. The seeker for these postcards will find all sorts of views as well, from the Scottish crags and lakes, to the Alps, from Margate, and Brighton to Trouville, Paris, London, Japan, Rome and Naples. There are the illustrated songs and the English jokes, the new Yiddish cards, and a great variety of beautiful cards with floral designs.

Many of the best and most popular works of art are now reproduced on postal cards in all the original colors. In fact, there is hardly anything that can't be found on a postal card these days, and the sale is steadily increasing. For the sick nothing could be more appropriate, for they interest at a glance; they please the eye without taxing the intellect, and they beguile many a moment for the invalid.

Japs and Schopenhauer. The words of Schopenhauer are being translated into Japanese by a young Japanese professor at Tokio, who holds that Schopenhauer's doctrine agree in many points with the national religion of Japan.

Fakers of East India. The fakers of the East Indies are a very large class, numbering, it is believed, more than 3,000,000 of people, of whom about three-fifths are adherents of the Hindoo, and the remainder of the Mohammedan religion.

Balls and Bats in California. Californians buy more baseballs and bats with which to play the national game than the people of any other state in the union in proportion to population. Close to 50,000 balls and 20,000 bats are annually required to supply the demand created by the strong hold which the great American game has secured in the state.

Ambition Too Ardent. Vaunting ambition, declares not only itself but everything else in the way.

## MINER FREED AND REARRESTED

Vincent St. John, Liberated on Writ, Again in Custody. Boise, Idaho, March 15.—Vincent St. John, president of the miners' union at Burke, Idaho, who was arrested Feb. 18, charged with complicity in the assassination of former Gov. Steunenberg, was released Wednesday on a writ of habeas corpus granted by Judge George N. Stewart of the district court. Judge Stewart held that the probable judges' ceased to have jurisdiction over St. John after March 2, when his preliminary examination should have been held. St. John received the congratulations of his attorneys, but when he stepped from the courtroom out into the corridor Sheriff Jasper C. Nichols and Detective C. Thiel met him with a warrant issued by a justice of the peace at Caldwell charging him with the crime of murder.

Sheriff Rulan of Telluride, Colo., has arrived at Boise with a warrant for St. John in connection with a murder committed in Colorado.

## 100 LATE TO CLASSIFY

FAIR and fascinating is the Dresden China complexion given by Satin Skin Complexion Powder—4 tins.

FOR SALE at a Bargain—Seven room house and barn. Inquire at 711 Palm St.

WANTED, immediately—A man to work on farm; first class wages. Mrs. E. McGarthy, 20 W. Milwaukee St.

DO NOT THROW YOUR CARPETS AWAY—We make beautiful rugs from your worn out Ingrain and Body Brussels carpets; any size; handsome designs, borders, etc.; 75 cents sq. yd. and up. We pay the freight. Write today. GEO. MARTHA & SON, Baraboo, Wis.

THE CUBA CITY NEWS-HERALD  
For Reliable Mining News—\$1.25.

Sewing-Time Made Easy

by a motor driven sewing machine. It can be started and stopped on the instant or regulated to any speed. Saves time, labor and trouble. Try one and be convinced.

JANESVILLE ELECTRIC CO.



J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

HODGE'S

Fibre Carpet and Rugs

2 years ago we took the Janesville agency of the Hodge Fibre Carpets and Rugs and since then we have sold several thousand yards of carpet and hundreds of rugs.

They Give Satisfaction.

A LARGE SHIPMENT

of the latest creations made by the Hodge People we have just received, and to say that they are beautiful and artistic is stating the exact facts. We have them displayed on the walk of our store over the dress goods department, also in our south window.

Although Beautiful, the Prices are not high.

Rugs come in sizes from 20x38 to 12x15, 75c to \$15.00.

Carpets are yard wide 35c, 50c, 60c.

If wanting inexpensive floor coverings that are more beautiful than anything else in the matting-carpet line, with which to carry out any Color Scheme, you should surely see the Hodge Fibre Carpet and Rugs. They are made in all colors and don't fade.

## 300 New Sample Skirts

Have lately received three new sample lines and therefore show a line that is summed up in a word, "complete." All the fashionable fabrics of the season are included in the line—correct styles and best workmanship. Having obtained them at our usual discount, we offer them at one third less than regular price.

## Arriving Daily

New Suits, Coats, Silk Waists, Lawn Waists, Cravenette Coats.

Special Sale of Embroideries, 7½c and 12½c.

Archie Reid & Co.

DRY GOODS, CLOAKS, MILLINERY







# MULTIMILLIONAIRE AT FORTY-FOUR

Marvelous Rise of Charles M. Schwab—Doer of Deeds That His Friends Do Not Defend, Yet He Is So Winning, Generous and Sunshiny That They Cannot Escape His Charm—Wonderful Power of the Former Steel Trust President in Handling Men—Always Good Natured and a Liberal Spender

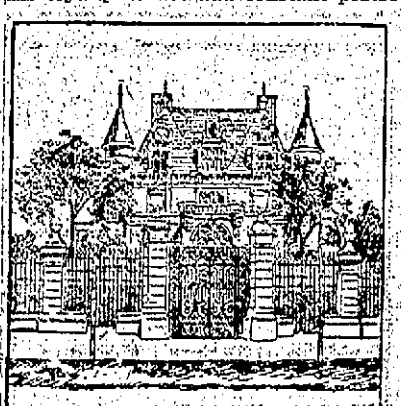
A BIG, smiling, red-cheeked boy, cheery with everybody and therefore popular with plenty of enthusiasm, nerve and audacity. That is the first impression of Charles M. Schwab, former head of the steel trust, liberal spender and owner of the most expensive residence in New York city.

This man's story reads like that of Aladdin, he with the got-rich-quick lamp. Schwab started like all other great men in that he was first a baby. Later he was a "Charlie" boy, as he is yet. He will never entirely get over that even if he lives to be eighty. He certainly has not recovered from it at forty-four.

Schwab has money to burn and burns it. He has good nature to lavish everywhere and lavishes it. He likes folks, simply can't help it, and they can't help liking him. They may not approve a single thing he does, or stands for, but his personality is so open, so winning, so generous, so sunny, that they cannot escape his charm. It caught Captain Jones, the steel mill genius; it caught Andrew Carnegie, it caught the workmen and the department bosses. It caught financial kings in Wall street and hereditary kings in Europe. It caught and catches every one. Practically everybody disapproved his plunging at Monte Carlo, practically everybody criticized his open handed throwing away of money, practically everybody thought his \$7,000,000 house on Riverside drive a monumental piece of folly, practically everybody had hard words to say of the steel trust he helped to organize and headed, but at the same time practically everybody, at least everybody who had met him, had a warm spot in his heart for the man.

**Drove a Stage to Help Pay His Way.**

Charles Schwab's father was a lively stable keeper at the little mountain town of Loretto, Pa., and is yet. The boy looked much like his mother, and his loyalty to her and constant praise



MR. SCHWAB'S NEW YORK PALACE.

of her have constituted one of the bright places in both their lives. He was educated in a Catholic academy at Loretto and drove a stage to help pay his way. The smiling, freckled faced boy caught the fancy of a traveling grocer and as a result he got a place at eighteen as a grocer's clerk in Brad-dock Pa. Captain Jones, the manager of the big steel plant, often bought things at the store, and the young man made a hit with him. So Charles landed a job at driving stakes for an engineering corps in the mills. His salary at the store had been \$3.50 per week. In the mills it started at \$30 per month. He did not remain long driving stakes. He had studied engineering at Loretto and soon was set at drafting. Captain Jones wished some new plans drawn. Not knowing what engineer to select, he required that all the corps work two hours a day over-time without extra pay. Shortly after this he met the head engineer, and asked how the men took the order.

"They are all grumbling except one," was the reply.

"Who is that one?"

"Schwab."

"Then Schwab's my man," said Captain Jones.

As a result the boy, for he was little more, was rapidly advanced, was sent for a time to an engineering school in Pittsburg and soon became head engineer and Captain Jones' right hand man.

Andrew Carnegie wished personal reports from his mills at Brad-dock. Captain Jones objected that he had not time to run up to Pittsburg, but said he had a bright young assistant who knew as much about the work as he did and besides was a good performer on the organ, of which the steel plant was very fond. Carnegie asked that the young man be sent along. Schwab, with the assurance which has been one of his chief assets in life, went to the ironmaster's Pittsburg residence and surprised and captivated Mr. Carnegie by his thorough knowledge of the business and his sunny disposition. Before he left, the steel magnate asked the young man to play on the organ. Charles was somewhat diffident about this, as it took him by surprise, but he had played often for the monks at Loretto and therefore complied. He gave old melodies, Scotch songs and other airs that he knew the old man loved and still further captured his heart. From that day forward Andrew Carnegie was the sworn friend of Charles Schwab.

This was the beginning of the young

man's fortune. His first point was gained, popularity. The second was made when he showed an aptitude for the steel business, amounting almost to genius. The third was reached by hard work. He never watched the clock. The fourth was attained by his wonderful power of handling men.

Soon he made many improvements about the mills, built new blast furnaces and succeeded so well at all he was set to do that he was made superintendent of the works. Then he was sent to Homestead, where he made like improvements. At the death of Captain Jones he was called back to Brad-dock as manager. After the disastrous strike at Homestead his jurisdiction was extended, and both plants were placed under his management. It was a difficult task to organize order out of the chaos at Homestead, but he succeeded. It is worthy of note that Charles Schwab has never had a strike of the men under him.

**Partner of Carnegie.**

It was at about this time that a foreign steel mill offered him a position at a largely increased salary. He not only declined it, but said nothing about the offer. Carnegie came to hear of it, however, and it so impressed him that he made Schwab a partner in the business and soon after had him elected president of the Carnegie company.

Just what part Mr. Schwab took in organizing the steel trust will never be known, but it is certain that he was an important factor. It has even been stated that he originated the scheme. However that may be, Mr. Carnegie insisted that his young assistant be made the first president of the gigantic concern, which then had the largest capital stock of any company on earth.

The very qualities that had made Schwab proved in the end his undoing.



CHARLES M. SCHWAB.

He had always been a hard worker, never sparing himself, and in his new position his unflagging industry soon led to a nervous breakdown. A European trip followed, and here his good fellowship and open handed generosity quelled his plunging at Monte Carlo and his lavish spending of money that subjected him to worldwide criticism. The sensational features of the Monte Carlo story have been denied by Mr. Schwab and his friends, but the unfortunate impression created by his wide publication yet remains. As for his health, it never has entirely recovered. It led him finally to resign the presidency of the steel trust, and doubtless had much to do with his recent illness.

As to the reason of his success, a steel man says: "Schwab's great power lies in his ability to handle men. He is the ablest director of labor that the world ever knew. The vast army of steel workers trust him implicitly. But for him, there would be strike after strike."

One of the Loretto fathers who taught young Schwab, however, has a slightly different view. He says that the boy's "nerve" was the finest thing he has ever seen.

"If I were asked the elements of his success in life," adds this preceptor, "I would say that they were industry, bluff and popularity."

When asked as to his own idea of what had pushed him to the front, Mr. Schwab replied:

"I always rely on myself. I am a great believer in self reliance—manliness which is manhood in its noblest form."

In keeping with this idea, he said at another time that the two best assets a young man could have were to be born poor and to know how to work.

**Always Good Natured.**

But whether he or his friends recognize it or not, one of the secrets of Charles Schwab's rise lies in his un-failing good nature. That he recognizes the value of this quality in others is not in himself is shown by an incident.

When he was elected president of the Carnegie company the young steel man noticed that there was an air of great soberness, not to say gloom, about the meetings of the board of directors. He rallied his associates upon their sol-

emnity and said, among other things: "It is my belief that more business and better business can be transacted with a smile than with a frown."

He therefore had hung in the board room a picture entitled, "The Laughing Monk," that no one could look on with a straight face. There were no more sepulchral meetings.

Mr. Schwab's charitable inclinations have led mostly in the direction of personal gifts to his workmen, lavish tip-splendoring for the purpose of building Catholic churches at Loretto and elsewhere, and contributions to industrial schools. He is known to have given one old employee at Brad-dock \$1,000 and smaller amounts to many others.

**Liberal Subscription.**

As to the way he slings dollars, the following story is told:

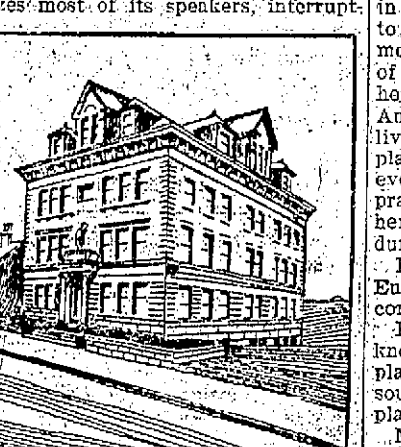
One day a young man approached the steel trust president for a subscription to a charitable purpose. Schwab heard his story, turned to an acquaintance and began talking about something else, in the meantime feeling in his pockets for loose change. The young man's heart sank; for he had expected a liberal subscription. Finally the steel man fished up a bill and handed it over, while he went on with his talk, still delving into his pockets. Two or three times a bill was dug up, after which the charity solicitor thanked him and departed. When he got outside, the man counted the money and almost dropped dead at finding it amounted to \$1.50.

Schwab's chief hobby, however, is industrial schools. He is almost as enthusiastic on this subject as Carnegie is on libraries. At Brad-dock and Homestead very fine training schools have been erected as a result of donations made by the former steel president. He has made other like benefactions in other places. At Richmond Beach, New York, he has spent hundreds of thousands in an effort to found an institution wherein cripples may be taught some manual employment that will keep them from want.

In speaking of the gifts made by himself and Mrs. Schwab he mentions his aid for industrial training and adds a touch that is not without pathos when he says:

"Now, it's along these lines that we are going to spend our money, for manual training schools—that is, when we get some to spend. What little we have done in the philanthropic line has been so bitterly attacked that we're not going to do anything more just now. I may be a little sensitive, but public criticism hurts; it really hurts."

Mr. Schwab's self possession was shown before the Clevel club of Philadelphia. This is an aggregation that makes most of its speakers, interrupt-



SCHWAB SCHOOL, HOMESTEAD, PA.

ing them with catcalls and embarrassing remarks till they finally sit down thoroughly rattled. The steel man, however, carried the thing off with such good nature that he was a victor. When the din became too great he turned to the president and began telling a story. This surprised the members, so much that they subsided, and he went on with his speech.

**A Practical Joke.**

As a sample of his practical joking the following story is told by his friends:

During a game of billiards at his home one night, when the score was close, he suddenly turned to his opponent and said:

"I'll bet my trousers against yours that I beat you."

"Very well; it's a go," was the reply. Mr. Schwab won. He demanded his winnings, and when the other hesitated, the other members of the party began to deride him. He then disrobed. Shortly after the loser said:

"Well, Charles, surely you will lend me a pair."

"Indeed I will not," said Mr. Schwab. "What! You don't expect me to go home in this attire?"

"Why, of course; that is where you lose."

He took to the alleyways for his home six blocks away and was chased by two policemen who had been sent after him by his fellow merrymakers.

Whatever one may think of steel trusts and \$7,000,000 houses, to say nothing of money sowing, fast automobiles, which are another of the Schwab fads, Monte Carlo plunging and reckless display generally, he cannot help responding to human nature, and of this Charles Schwab has a liberal supply.

J. A. EDGERTON.

**True Food.**

If food at last truly purity, I fear that it will change the flavor, until by and by 'Twill all seem harsh and strange.

I look for alarm when I eat my daily dose of bread, Boreic acid, too, I meet 'Without a sign of dread.

Let chemists go their way until The waiter shall with care Hand out prescriptions, writ with skill, Instead of bills of fare.

"Pure Food" To some the phrase recalls A hope of glorious fame, Yet when it comes I know my meal 'Will never taste the same.

—Washington Evening Star.

This is the season of listlessness, headaches and spring disorders. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea is a sure preventive. Makes you strong and vigorous. 35 cents, tea or tablets. Smith Drug Co.

# = FORTY YEARS AGO =

Janesville Daily Gazette, Thursday, March 15, 1866.—The Odd Fellows.—We understand that the Odd Fellows of this city intend to have a grand festival on the 22d.

Some Physicians.—One of the curious of the profession has been counting up the practicing physicians in the city and gives their number as twenty-five. We don't know whether the general good health of our city is attributable to that or not.

Wool Growers' Convention.—The wool growers of Rock, Waukesha, Walworth, Kenosha and Racine counties held a convention at Burlington, Racine county, on the 23d inst. for the purpose of memorializing congress to protect the wool-growers of the United States. Farmers generally are requested to attend.

The Great Gift Concert.—The great gift concert of Mr. R. N. Freeman of Milwaukee, comes off on the evening of the 20th inst. The tickets on sale here by Dug King at the Post Office, are to be withdrawn on the 17th, therefore those who design purchasing tickets will do so at once.

Stricken Out.—A dispatch received by O. J. Dearborn this morning from Madison, states that the teacher of the amendment of the City Charter, which contemplated the abridgement of the powers of the School Board, has been stricken out. So far as we

have been able to ascertain the feelings of the people generally, the balance of the amendments are entirely satisfactory.

Grounds for New Passenger Depot.—We learn that the Chicago & North-Western and Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien Railway Companies have purchased the property of Dr. L. J. Burrows, Mr. L. D. Jerome, and Mrs. J. Byrnes, on Academy street, for depot grounds. The price paid was \$6,500 without the buildings. It is the purpose of these companies, we understand, to erect, the coming season, a new and handsome passenger depot. The location selected is a very desirable one, vastly better than the inconvenient and cramped quarters. The improvement is one very much needed here.

Leaving Town.—B. B. Eldredge, Esq., and family, bid adieu to Janesville yesterday morning and started for their new residence in the State of New York. The death of both parents last fall had made his presence indispensable on the old homestead, to look after a large property, while a desire to engage in a more healthy vocation than law, has induced him to sell out here with no intention of returning. The people of this city part with him and his estimable lady with sincere regret, and will follow them with the kindest wishes for their success and happiness.

# FOOTLIGHT FLASHES

Margaret Anglin, whose local engagement will take place at the Myers Grand on Friday evening, March 23, is a Canadian girl. She was born in the parliament building, Ottawa, and her rare histrionic powers are derived from years of early literary study, exceptional social connections, a legitimate schooling in stagecraft, and the inheritance of all that stands for gentle and scholarly quality. Hon. Timothy Anglin, speaker of the house in Ottawa—her father, Hon. Frank Anglin, barrister and head of the humane and natural history societies, Toronto—her brother.

Miss Anglin was always regarded as one of our finest leading lady players in general stage character work and the very finest in a particular class—that of portraying a woman of genuine gentility—but her work in "Zira" gives her an opportunity to exert her full power, and one morning she awoke to find the press of all the United States proclaiming her "the actress of the day," "the American Bernhardt," "the greatest living emotional player," etc. Poets, playwrights, sculptors and artists of every school lauded the press in her praise, and even the great Bernhardt herself applauded her and wept aloud during her performance.

Henry Arthur Jones, avowed that England had no actress that could compare with Margaret Anglin.

Paul Bertin, author of "Zaza," acknowledged that France had no lady player to equal Anglin when he sought to engage her for his new play.

Miss Anglin's local appearance here will be in the same play that won all this high praise for her—"Zira." This now famous drama is the work of J. Hartley Manners and Henry Miller and is founded upon the same story as "Wilkie Collins' "The New Magdalen." It is in four acts. Act one shows us the exterior of Major General Graham's headquarters, near Capetown, at the close

of the Boer war; act two (a year later), the mission house attached to St. John's church, Mile End road, London, and acts three and four show a room in the Lady Constance Cleveland's town house, Mayfair. It is during this setting in the third act where we have the famous mercy scene, Helen Trent (Miss Anglin), appealing to Ruth Wilding (Mrs. Bernhardt) to save her from exposure for "just one little hour"—the scene that made the great Bernhardt weep aloud as she sat in a stage box in full view of a great matinee audience.

Miss Anglin comes to us surrounded by the same cast of players and the same scenic and costume detail that made "Zira" the one dramatic sensation of New York for a quarter year season at the Princess theatre, the Messrs. Shuberts' fashionable Broadway playhouse.

The full cast is as follows:

- Charles Dalton
- Capt. Arnold Sylvester
- James Lee, Finney
- Sir Frederick Knowles, F. R. C. S.
- George S. Rotheridge
- The Bishop of Wapping
- Arthur Lawrence
- Mark Trent
- J. R. Crawford
- Major General Graham
- Colonel Garston
- Harry Hyde
- Captain Leigh
- Gilbert Heriot
- Colonel Danvers
- Tad Stanger
- Captain Carey
- Howard Lewis
- Surgeon Watson
- Frank Willard
- Surgeon Evans
- Leon E. Brown
- Surgeon Bruce
- Arthur Moore
- Orlando
- A. B. Franklin
- Arthur Fielding
- Bertram Harrison
- Butler
- William Deane
- Footman
- Charles Bruce
- The Lady Constance Cleveland
- Ruth Wilding
- Nellie Carthorne
- Lucile Watson
- Miss Gwendolyn Valentine
- Hester Trent, afterwards called "Zira"
- Miss Margaret Anglin

# BRIEF NEWS FROM OLD ROCK.

**NORTH HARMONY RESIDENTS ARE MARRIED AT MILTON.**

Mrs. Alvin and L. Odenwalder United in Bands of Matrimony on March 7.

North Harmony, March 12.—Mr. L. Odenwalder and Mrs. Alvin were united in marriage by Rev. Bergmann of the Lutheran church at Milton on Wednesday, March 7. They were attended by Mr. and Mrs. John Jennings. About twenty-five friends gathered at Mr. Odenwalder's home and spent a delightful evening. A sumptuous supper was served and the guests departed at a late hour. All unite in wishing this worthy couple much joy and happiness.

Wm. Kennedy's condition still remains serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Martin attended the Hudson-Arnold wedding at Milton Junction.

Frank Wilcox was auctioneer at a sale of machinery, etc., March 2. During the sale \$800 worth of property was disposed of in one hour and this was during a hard rain.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Martin will attend the wedding of their grand-daughter, Grace Hudson, to Harry Arnold on Wednesday evening.

Miss Mary Jennings visited her sister, Mrs. James Campbell, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Rumpf, who have been on the sick list, are improving.

Miss Mary Jennings, who has been employed at the county farm the past two years, is home for the summer.

Mrs. F. Hankey is under the doctor's care, being ill with an attack of grippe.

**JUDA.**

Juda, March 12.—Miss Grace Miller spent Saturday in Brodhead.

Mr. V. Christy and daughter, Zetta, spent Saturday in Janesville.

Anna Roderick has been visiting Juda friends the past week.

Misses Margaret Clifford and Rose Truhenbrod of Monroe, spent Sunday with their aunt, Mrs. John Legler.

Mrs. Eva Lyman of Monroe has been spending several days with her son, Ross Andrews.

T. Z. Summerville of Monroe was in town on business Monday.

Myron Northcraft spent from Saturday until Monday with Brodhead friends.

Mr. and Mrs. D. T. Dunwiddie

spent Saturday at Monroe with their son Hiram.

J. Z. Newman, Chas. Schwartzlow, Frank Coplien and Amos Smith were in Monroe Saturday.

**SOUTH SPRING VALLEY.**

South Spring Valley, March 13.—Mrs. Carrie Keesey and daughter Sarah called on Mrs. Sever Stava-dahl Thursday last.

Harry Castater spent from Wednesday to Sunday with his sister in Spring Grove.

L. J. Leaver is sawing wood in this vicinity this week.

Gus Lee of Avon and Bessie Norman of Spring Valley were married in Beloit Friday last.

Peter Olson delivered hogs in Brodhead Monday.

Henry Hanson will work for Ole Stava-dahl this summer.

John Hegge's engaged Herman Lund for the season.

Gilman Softgard is assisting Mr. Egan in the sawmill.

Ben Zweifel shipped his household goods to northern Wisconsin; last week where he intends to make his future home. John Moen went with him.

Olin and Thostenson played for a dance at Sam Schlem's last Friday night in North Spring Valley.

Mrs. Belle Benjamin was the guest of Mrs. John Hegge Monday afternoon.

Chas. Gardier of Avon delivered stock at Orfordville Monday.

Andrew Olson delivered his tobacco at Orfordville Tuesday.

Albert Anderson went to Brodhead Monday with a load of tobacco—old fillers.

**UTTERS' CORNERS.**

Utters' Corners, March 13.—Mrs. W. Hadley returned from Delaware last week where she had been making an intended visit with her daughters, Mesdames Rice and Wright.

Mrs. Wright and son accompanied her home for a visit with relatives and friends here.

Miss Mae Godfrey closed a very successful term of school here Friday and gave a very enjoyable entertainment and box social at the school house in the evening.

The town line creamery paid an average dividend of \$1.06 per hundred for milk for the month of January.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Taft of

Whitewater spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Farnsworth.

Mrs. Albert Shields, C. H. Sherman, Roy Farnsworth and Arthur Teets horn have been on the sick list the past week.

A number of E. Hadley's friends helped him draw his lumber for his new barn last week.

Miss Mae Godfrey spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. John Shields.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hull were at Janesville on Tuesday of last week.

# JANESVILLE MARKET REPORT.

Quotations on Grain and Produce for The Gazette.

Feb. 20, 1906.	
Flour—1st Patent \$1.20 to \$1.30 2nd Pat. at \$1.15 and \$1.25 per sack.	
Wheat—Chicago Cash, No. 1 and 2 North-west \$1.24 1/2.	
Barley—\$2.00 to \$2.50 per ton.	
Oats—\$1.00 to \$1.25 per ton.	
Timothy Seed—Retail at \$1.35 to \$1.50 per bu.	
Hay, at 90 to \$1.15 per ton.	
Feed—Pure corn and oats, \$20.00 to \$22.00 per ton.	
Standard Middling, \$2.00, sacked.	
Old Meal, \$1.15 to \$1.20 per sack.	
Flax—\$1.00 to \$1.15 per sack.	
Straw—Per ton baled, \$5.00 to \$5.50.	
Butter—Dairy, 24 to 26 c.	
Creamery 26 c.	
Potatoes—\$1.00 to \$1.10.	
Eggs—Strictly fresh, 16 to 18 c.	
Onions 90 to 100 bu.	
Poultry, live chickens, 8 to 9 cents; old owls, 10 to 12 cents.	
Ducks, live, 10 to 12 c.	
Yeast, cakes to 15 c.	

# Beware of Ointments For Catarrh.

That Contain Mercury. As mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering through the mucous membrane of the nose, no ointment should be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can expect to derive from it. Doan's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co., Testimonial Free. Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle. Write Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Lynn H. Fox, secretary of the Ashland Y. M. C. A., has accepted a call to the same position with the Kenosha branch.

# Auction Bills.

The Printing Department of the Gazette has just purchased a large quantity of new type for use in the composition on auction bills, and is better prepared than ever to execute first class work of this character.

A five-line advertisement in the Farmers' Column of the semi-weekly one time free with your order for bills.

GAZETTE PTF. CO.

# SECOND CLASS RATES.

To San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Boise, City, Spokane, Walla Walla, Ogden, Salt Lake City, Butte and other points in Montana, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and the Pacific Coast.

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western line, February 15th to April 7, 1906, inclusive. Attractive side trips at very low rates. Daily and personally conducted excursions in Pullman tourist sleeping cars, only \$7 for double berth from Chicago (accommodating two people), through to the Pacific coast without change of cars. Choice of routes. Excellent train service. Dining cars (meals a la carte). For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R.R.

# Excursion Tickets to Wisconsin Farmers' Institute and Mid-Winter Fair at Plymouth.

Via the North-Western line, will be sold at reduced rates March 12, 13, and 14, limited to return until March 16, inclusive. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R.R.

# HE GOT A WARMER SEAT.

Clever Russ of Tavern Guest Cleared the Crowd from Around the Stove.

One bitter cold night recently a solemn-faced man drove up to a tavern near Westchester and made his way to the sitting-room after seeing that his horse was taken to the stable, relates the New York Press. There was a large crowd of guests huddled around the stove and he had to take a distant seat where it was not much warmer than outside. As soon as a waiter appeared the man said:

"Get two dozen oysters on the half shell and take them out to my horse."

When the waiter passed through the room on his way to the stable, everybody but the new guest followed him to see the remarkable horse feed on raw oysters. In a few moments the disgusted crowd, headed by the waiter, returned to the room to find the owner of the horse comfortably seated by the stove.

"The horse wouldn't look at the oysters," said the waiter.

"I didn't think he would," replied the man. "Hand them to me and bring me a bottle of ale."

# Envy.

Mr. Billus—No dinner ready? What on earth is the matter with you, anyhow?

Mrs. Billus—Oh, John! Mrs. Binkley who lives next door, has the loveliest new set of furs I ever saw, and I have no appetite—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

# Proof Positive.

"So Jones is a prolific writer?"

"Prolific! Say, I'd like to have the money he pays as return postage."

Philadelphia Ledger.

# For Billions.

Justly its splendidly luxurious LAXATIVE, ONLY 1 CENT. It promotes regular bowels action, promptly and without pain or effort. Medicine knows no surer method, no better way to relieve constipation, whether from cold or mucus, or from indigestion, or from a sluggish or slow circulation. It is pleasant to take, pleasant to use, and is recommended by the highest medical authorities. In handsome metal pocket size boxes. Sold by

PEOPLE'S DRUG CO. AND KING'S PHARMACY.

# Before You Go

When about to travel, if subject to headache, nervousness, dizziness, or car-sickness, take one or two doses of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills before starting. They will insure you against an attack.

There are a great many who are sure to have headache, whenever they go to church or places of amusement, or where there is any excitement or oppression. Take them with you, and on the first indication, take a tablet and see how quickly it will disappear. To such persons Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are a great blessing. They soothe the nerves and allay irritation and excitement.

"We always keep Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills in our home and find them a remarkable remedy for the relief of headaches, nervousness, etc. Two tablets never fail to stop the most severe headache, but one is usually sufficient. By taking a Pain-killer before going to church or to amusement, we find we do not have those distressing headaches that formerly came with every little excitement."

MISSSES MARY AND ELLA WIEHL, 1232 So. 10th St., Springfield, Illinois.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first package will benefit. If it fails, he will return your money. 25 doses, 25 cents. Never sold in bulk.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

# A GOOD REASON.

Janesville People Can Tell You Why It Is So.

Doan's Kidney Pills cure the cause of disease, and that is why the cures are always lasting. This remedy strengthens and tones up the kidneys, helping them to drive out of the body the liquid poisons that cause backache and distressing kidney and urinary complaints. Janesville people testify to permanent cures.

Thomas Burgess, millwright of 15 Park Ave., Janesville, Wis., makes the following statement concerning Doan's Kidney Pills:

"I had always had a pain in my back for nearly ten years. A dull ache and one-day feeling often completely laid me up. It was very bad at night and I have awakened from a sound sleep feeling as if a ton weight was lying on my back, and for a few moments I would be afraid to move for fear of sharp shooting pains which usually struck me at such times, and went to the very quick. I had to use my hands and arms to turn over in bed; my back was weak. The urine was in very bad shape also, and gave me trouble at night, as I had to get up a number of times to pass it. There was considerable sediment, and the secretions were discolored. I had used a number of remedies at different times without apparent benefit. I at last decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at the Peoples' Drug company, and soon after I began to use them I began to improve. In a few days the backache left me and as I continued the treatment the irregularities of the secretions were corrected and I have enjoyed better health ever since, having had no return of any form of kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.



**NEW SEMI-WEEKLY SOLID VESTIBULE SPECIAL TRAIN**

**St. Louis and City of Mexico**

VIA **IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE**

Texas & Pacific International & Great Northern and the National Lines of Mexico

LEAVE ST. LOUIS, 9:00 A. M. TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

ARRIVE MEXICO CITY, 3:30 P. M. THURSDAYS AND SUNDAYS

INITIAL TRAIN, JANUARY 16th

COMPOSITE STEEL COACHES

OBSERVATION DINING AND STANDARD SLEEPING CARS

H. C. TOWNSEND

DEPT. PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT

SAINT LOUIS

For further particulars address L. D. Knowles, General Agent, 114 Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee.

# You Can Sell Anything



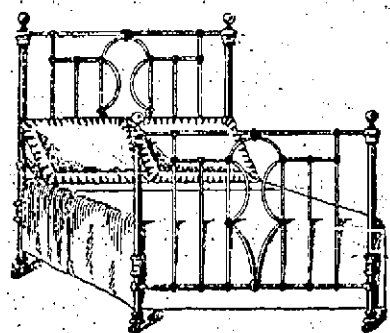




# CLEARANCE SALE OF FURNITURE

AT  
W. H. ASHCRAFT'S, - 56 WEST MILWAUKEE ST.,

During the entire month of March. Great reductions in price during the one great sale of furniture in the year, of Southern Wisconsin.

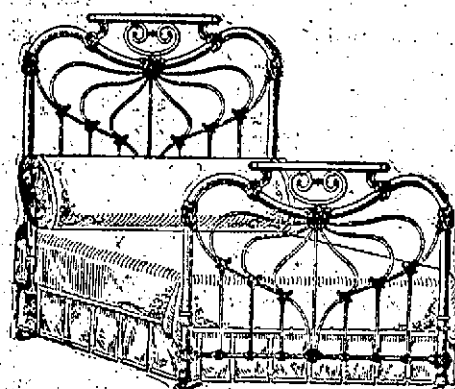


## IRON BEDS

Besides the many articles already advertised, have not been overlooked. During this month we have received many new Iron Beds, which together with those in stock, makes our line the largest ever shown.

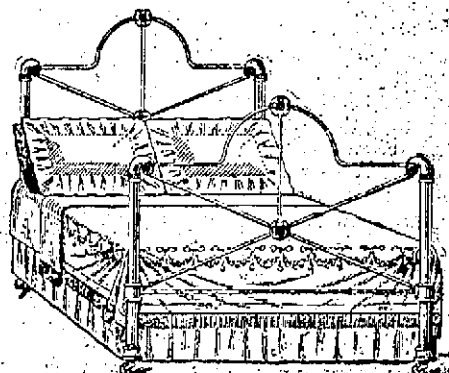
**We Have Them in All Colors and All Prices.**

That everybody may have an Iron Bed who wishes one, we offer one cheap bed, in white or green enamel, at



**\$1.50**  
EACH

The cheapest an Iron Bed was ever offered in Janesville.



About March 20th we will receive another shipment of

## Ostermoor Mattresses

In the shipment are the regular \$15.00 ones, also some of the \$30.00 Mattresses,

**Reduced to \$18.50**

The best mattress made in 60 lbs. Try an Ostermoor if you want the best.

We have a large stock of

## Parlor Furniture

that is selling at about two-thirds regular price.

**Call and See the Goods.**

### OSTERMOOR

### MATTRESS

BUILT NOT STUFFED

**\$15**  
FULL SIZE

**GUARANTEED NOT TO MAT OR PACK**

**W. H. ASHCRAFT**  
56 West Milwaukee St.

FURNITURE = W. H. ASHCRAFT = UNDERTAKING

## BORT, BAILEY & CO.

100 Rolls of New Patterns...

# JAP MATTINGS

You know the many uses that Mattings are put to. But perhaps you have not stopped to think that there is a style in matting patterns as in other goods. They change in style with each succeeding season, and now the Cotton Warp Jap Mattings in beautiful printed carpet patterns are the correct mattings.

**We have just placed on sale 100 Rolls of the Newest and Prettiest Effects.**

What we want you to do is, just drop in and see them. The only thing that will trouble you will be to choose—they are so pretty that you will want them all.

**The Price is Low--Many of Them**

**Retailing at 25c and 18c**

Are you thinking of Mattings?  
Well, just drop in; we can please you.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

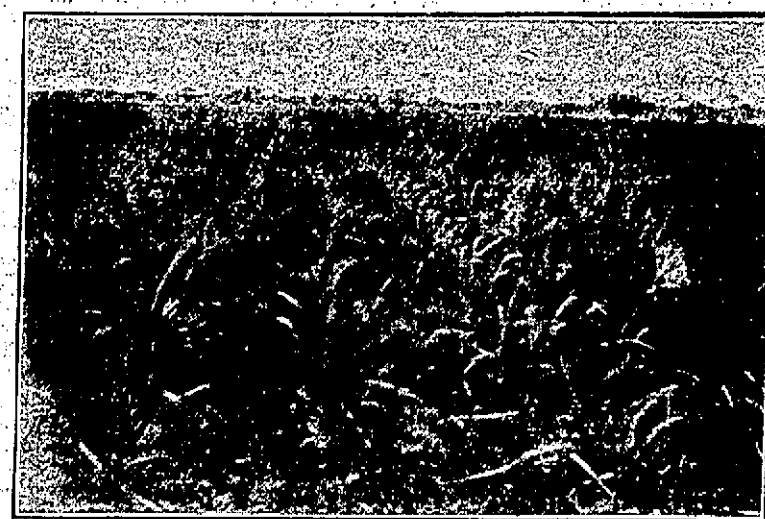
## Ambitious Men, Go to Southwest Texas!

**Tuesday, March 20th, Excursion Day.**  
**Round Trip, \$30.15 from Evansville.**

This may be the last of these very low rate excursions, so that it will be wise for you to arrange to go next Tuesday to investigate the wonders of the Southwest Texas Gulf Coast Lands of which we have told you.

### BETTER THAN REPRESENTED

This is the verdict of a gentleman who recently visited the district; said he found the lands and conditions way above our estimate. We have guarded continually against too strong statements—have held our enthusiasm over facts in check in our descriptions for fear of a possible misconception of our statements—but the lands and all conditions are above our estimate, and found to be so by those who have been there. It's the paradise for the man of moderate means, and the opportunity of a lifetime for investors.



FIELD OF ONIONS NEAR ALICE, TEXAS—\$21,000 WAS CLEARED FROM 40 ACRES

### A COMPARISON

Take the following figures and compare them with the same months in Wisconsin and then deduce your own results.

January—In January when the northern farmers are snowed under south Texas is shipping lettuce, radishes, turnips, beets and such other vegetables as are not easily hurt by frost. Texas gardeners are busily at work in preparing their fields for cauliflower, cabbage and onions. Texas farmers work out of doors every day in the year, and are rapidly moving to the land of sunshine, flowers, wealth and health.

February—In February the frost king still reigns supreme in all the northern states. In south Texas February is the beginning of spring, flowers blooming, grass green, birds singing, while farm work goes steadily on. Corn and potatoes are planted in frames to be transplanted in March. Cauliflower, one of the most profitable crops, is being marketed as well as many other varieties of vegetables.

March—March is the most dreaded month in the north; the pneumonia

month, which so many fear. With its snows and thaws and northeast rains, so deadly to people of weak constitution. The ground throughout the entire north is so much frozen that nothing can be done in out of door work. In fact it is about as much as people can do to keep warm in their houses. In south Texas March is the banner month for truck shipments from different points along the San Antonio & Aransas Pass railway. Mixed vegetables are rapidly moving by the carload, and cabbages by the train load. The truck farmer has money to sell, money to burn, but he don't like to smell the smoke.

Tomatoes, cucumbers, beans and all other tender vegetables make good growth in March. Cotton is planted in March. In many cases cotton is planted on cabbage land that has already yielded the producer from \$100 to \$300 per acre. This sounds like a fairy tale, but the early shepherd gets the top prices, and these statements can be verified to anyone who will go and investigate for himself.

May—May in Texas, corn was nearly eared, wheat and oat harvest was on. In south Texas all kinds of vegetables, including corn and tomatoes, were in abundance. May is the big onion month in south Texas. Many planters have netted as much as \$400 per acre, while the lowest yield was \$100 per acre. One firm sold onions from forty acres for \$21,000, net profit. Wide-awake northern farmers would do well to make a personal investigation of the resources in the coast country of Texas. The land is equal to any in the north and can be bought at a reasonable price, ranging from \$12 to \$25 an acre, location considered.

#### The Cool Breeze in Texas.

Many people in the north think the Texas people swelter and dry out on account of the hot weather, but those who know the truth understand quite the reverse. The writer spent sixty days of the hot season last year in the coast country in Texas, and it was claimed by old settlers to be the hottest season in many years. The highest point the thermometer reach-

ed any day was 92, in the shade. While the sun is hot in Texas, the same as elsewhere, yet we have a continual gulf breeze which makes our summer more delightful and more pleasant than those in the north.

#### Is Texas Too Dry?

Weather bureau statistics show that the average rainfall in the Texas southwest country is about the same as that of Omaha, 28 to 30 inches, but like other states, the rainfall does not always come at the right time nor in the proper proportions wanted. We will give statistics as taken at Alice this year, for each month.

January	44
February	3 56
March	2 79
April	2 10
May	5 10
June	2 80
July	3 12
September	3 62
October	2 71
November	1 57
December	3 32
Total for 1906	28 15

We have several tracts that can be bought at the present time on which the money can be doubled or tripled immediately. The statement sounds rash, but it's fact and we can convince you if you will give us the chance. Rich black soil \$15.00 per acre. Can you compare lands of equal quality elsewhere with this price? The present figures will not maintain long in the very course of events. Write us today.

**FISH, LEE & FISH, - EVANSVILLE, WIS.**